## Examples of Physical Activities by Intensity ${ }^{\#}$

| Light Activity+ less than 3.0 METS* | Moderate Activity+ less 3.0-6.0 METS* (3.5-7 calories per minute) | Vigorous Activity + greater than 6.0 METS* (more than 7 calories per minute) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Casual Walking | Brisk walking (3-4.5 mph) | Race walking (more than 4.5 mph ) |
|  | Walking uphill | Jogging/Running |
|  |  | Wheeling a wheelchair |
|  | Hiking | Mountain climbing |
|  |  | Backpacking |
|  | Roller skating at leisurely pace | Fast pace in-line skating |
| Bicycling less than 5 mph | Bicycling 5-9 mph | Bicycling more than 10 mph |
|  | Low impact aerobics | High impact aerobics |
|  | Aqua aerobics | Step aerobics |
| Stretching | Light calisthenics | Vigorous calisthenics |
| Sitting | Yoga | Karate, judo, tae kwon do, jujitsu |
|  | Gymnastics |  |
|  | Jumping on a trampoline | Jumping rope, jumping jacks |
| Light weight training | Weight training | Circuit weight training |
| Dancing slowly | Moderate dancing | Vigorous dancing |
|  | Boxing-punching bag | Boxing-sparring |
|  | Most aerobic machines (e.g., stair climber, elliptical, stationary bike)—moderate pace | Most aerobic machines (e.g., stair climber, elliptical, stationary bike)—vigorous pace |
| Leisurely sports (table tennis, playing catch) | Competitive tennis, volleyball, badminton, diving | Competitive basketball, soccer, football, rugby, kickball, hockey, |
| Floating | Recreational swimming | lacrosse |
| Boating | Canoeing | Swimming laps or synchronized |
| Fishing | Horseback riding | swimming |
| Golf-using cart | Golf-carrying clubs | Treading water |
| Light yard/house work | Housework that involves intense | Water jogging |
|  | scrubbing/cleaning | Water polo |
|  | Shoveling snow | Downhill or cross country skiing |
|  | Carrying a child weighing more than 50 pounds | Pushing non-motorized lawnmower |
| Occupations requiring extended periods of sitting | Occupations that require an extended amount of time standing or walking | Occupations that require heavy <br> lifting or rapid movement |

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[^0]:    Source: U.S. Department of Health and Human Services. (1999). Promoting physical activity. Champaign, IL: Human Kinetics.
    \# Information in accordance with CDC and ACSM guidelines

    * The ratio of exercise metabolic rate to resting metabolic rate. One MET is defined as the energy expenditure for sitting quietly, which, for the average adult, approximates 3.5 ml of oxygen uptake per kilogram of body weight per minute ( $1.2 \mathrm{kcal} / \mathrm{min}$ for a $70-\mathrm{kg}$ individual). For example, a 2-MET activity requires two times the metabolic energy expenditure of sitting quietly.
    + Intensity level for an average person, defined here as 70 kg or 154 lbs . The activity intensity levels portrayed in this chart are most applicable to men aged 30 to 50 years and women aged 20 to 40 years. Intensity is a subjective classification. For example, what is vigorous intensity for a moderately fit individual might be moderate intensity for a highly fit individual.

