

Spatiotemporal Analysis of Water Quality between 2017-2023 for Campus Creek, Manhattan, Kansas

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Introduction

- The function of water ecosystems and the services they provide depends upon a balance of factors in the environment:
 - Temperature
 - pH levels
 - Chemical concentrations
 - Physical conditions
 - Biotic interactions
- Urbanization has a wide range of impacts
 - Increasing pollutants from point and nonpoint sources:
 - Industrial processes
 - Lawn pesticides/fertilizers
 - Petroleum-powered vehicles
 - Increasing runoff due to greater areas of impermeable surfaces
 - Reducing biodiversity
 - Reducing quality of essential ecosystem services.
- K-State's Campus Creek is considered an urban stream that collects stormwater and overland flow surface runoff from the Campus Creek Watershed



- Research Question:** What is the water quality of Campus Creek and how has it changed?
- Objectives:**
 - Compare water quality across sampling sites to see if significant differences exist.
 - Determine if there is a significant trend in measures of water quality over time.
 - Derive a Water Pollution Index (aquatic ecology standards) to better quantify and visualize conditions in Campus Creek

Methods

- Sample Collection
 - 2017 – 3 sites and 3 sample periods
 - 2023 – 5 sites and 3 sample periods
- Data Analysis
 - One-Way ANOVA Test (Shapiro and Levene's Tests) followed by Tukey Honestly Significant Differences (HSD) Post-Hoc Test
 - Kruskal-Wallis Test followed by Dunn Post-Hoc Test
- Water Pollution Index (WPI)
 - Standardized WPI for Aquatic Ecology

$$WPI = 1 + \left(\frac{CI - SI}{SI} \right)$$

- Parameter Limits (PLI)
 - Observed Concentration of Parameter (Ci)
 - Standard Permissible Limit (Si)

$$WPI = \frac{1}{R} \sum_{i=1}^R PLI$$

- WPI Categories
 - >0.5 Excellent Quality
 - 0.5 to 0.75 Good Quality
 - 0.75 to 1 Moderately Polluted
 - <1 Highly Polluted

Water Quality

- 2023
 - Temperature (°C)
 - Total Suspended Solids (mg/L)
 - Total Dissolved Solids (mg/L)
 - Total Solids (mg/L)
 - Electrical Conductivity (mS/cm)
 - pH
 - Total Nitrogen (ppm)
 - Total Phosphorus (ppm)
 - Total Chlorine (ppm)
 - Total Sulfur (ppm)
- 2017
 - pH
 - Electrical Conductivity (mS/cm)
 - Turbidity
 - Dissolved Oxygen
 - Total Solids (ppm)

Results

Summary Statistics for 2023

- ANOVA results there was a significant difference in nitrogen and sulfur between sites
- Shapiro test revealed residuals were not normal for pH and phosphorus, so Kruskal-Wallis test was used instead of ANOVA with not significant differences found.

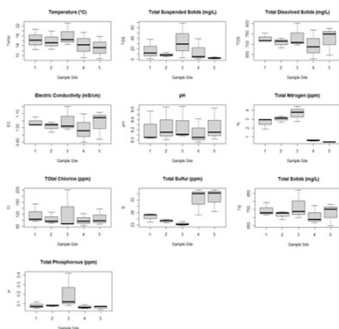


Fig. 1: Boxplots for all data collected in 2017 and 2023 for each pollutant organized by sample site.

Water Pollution Index

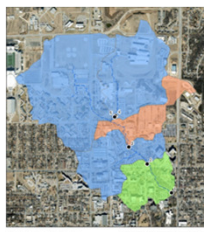


Fig. 5: 2023 WPI Values

- 2017 WPI Mean Value: 0.50195
 - Good Aquatic Ecological Value
- 2023 WPI Mean Value: 0.41092
 - Excellent Aquatic Ecological Value

Exceeded Standard Limits

- Total Suspended Solids
- Total Phosphorus



Fig. 6: Litter in Campus Creek near site 3.

Pollutant	Shapiro Test	Levene Test	ANOVA Test		Kruskal-Wallis Test	
			F-Value	P-Value	Chi-Square	P-Value
Temp (°C)	0.00097	0.0944	0.51409	0.7117		
TSS (mg/L)	0.1748	0.3912	1.0606	0.4248		
TDS (mg/L)	0.0962	0.7643	0.29431	0.8771		
TS (mg/L)	0.7484	0.8412	0.47009	0.7567		
EC (mS/cm)	0.8095	0.7812	0.27941	0.8847		
pH	0.001131*	0.9987			1.4856	0.8287
N (ppm)	0.1794	0.3838	28.52	0.0000242*		
P (ppm)	0.003119*	0.3969			5.9877	0.2001
Cl (ppm)	0.00505	0.8811	0.23273	0.8137		
S (ppm)	0.1345	0.5978	6.5715	0.007348*		

Table 1: Results of Statistical Analysis.

2023 Site Analysis

- Total nitrogen significantly lower at sites 4 and 5 compared to sites 1, 2 and 3
- Total sulfur significantly higher at sites 4 and 5 compared to sites 1, 2 and 3

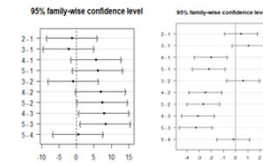


Fig. 2: Differences between sites in Total Sulfur. Fig. 3: Differences between sites in Total Nitrogen.

2017-2023 Trend Analysis

Significant Changes

- Total solids has increased significantly over time.
- pH has shown a slight positive but insignificant increase.

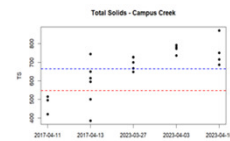


Fig. 4: Total Solids is significantly increasing over time; $R^2 = 0.57$

Conclusion

- 2023 WPI was 0.410572 (excellent water quality) versus 2017 WPI was 0.50195 (good water quality)
 - WPI for the Campus Creek Watershed has gotten better over time
- We weren't able to properly compare 2023 results with 2017 study because:
 - 2017 WPI was calculated using two variables versus 2023 WPI was calculated using nine variables
 - 2017 water samples were collected during different time periods
 - 2017 trend analysis graph was distorted, making it difficult to get accurate data points to compare with data from 2023

Recommendations

- Investigate further potential factors that are causing change in nitrogen and sulfur levels at sites 4 and 5
- Continue monitoring levels at same sampling areas to improve understanding of baseline conditions
 - Collect water at these locations twice a year, once during wet season in the spring and once during dry season in the fall
- Remove any litter or unwanted debris from the stream and surrounding area to create aesthetic beauty

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