

Habitat Model for Species: Baltimore Oriole

Alpha Code: BAOR Status: Breeding

[Distribution Map](#)

[Habitat Map](#)

Landcover Category

0 - Comments

James, 1971
Cable et al., 1992
Stauffer and Best, 1980
Stauffer and Best, 1986
Thompson and Ely, 1992
Zimmerman, 1993

Rohwer and Johnson, 1992

Rising, 1983

Schaefer, 1976

Dixon, 1989

Anderson, 1971

Rising and Flood, 1998

[KS GAP]

Map 30 m edge of forests (1-7, 50, 51) and all woodland.

01 - Maple-Basswood Forest

Stauffer and Best, 1980
Ambuel and Temple, 1983
Thompson and Ely, 1992
Rising and Flood, 1998
[KS GAP]

30 m edge.

02 - Oak-Hickory Forest

Stauffer and Best, 1980
Gates and Gysel, 1978
Ambuel and Temple, 1983
Thompson and Ely, 1992
Rising and Flood, 1998
[KS GAP]

edge

30 m edge.

03 - Post Oak-Blackjack Oak Forest

Thompson and Ely, 1992
Rising and Flood, 1998
[KS GAP]

30 m edge.

04 - Pecan Floodplain Forest

James, 1971
Thompson and Ely, 1992
Rising and Flood, 1998
[KS GAP]

30 m edge.

05 - Ash-Elm-Hackberry Floodplain Forest

James, 1971
Stauffer and Best, 1980
Zimmerman and Tatschl, 1975
Faanes, 1987
Thompson and Ely, 1992
Obermeyer, 1992
Rising and Flood, 1998
[KS GAP]

30 m edge.

Habitat Restrictions

Comments

farmyards with large trees
Found in > 85% of the windbreaks
used adjacent non-native grassland for foraging.
nest-site characteristics
usually in riparian situation, less often in woodland
Also observed in grassland sites and will nest in
isolated cottonwoods.
Location of Baltimore, Bullock's, and hybrid Orioles in
the Great Plains.
1970's specimens compared to those collected in
the 1960s.
Northern Orioles (species not separated).
Geographic differences of nest sites reported.
In the vicinity of Fort Worth, TX, Baltimore Oriole
nests principally in riparian cottonwoods, whereas
the Bullock's Oriole associates with mature
shelterbelts and farm groves
shelterbelts

06 - Cottonwood Floodplain

Forest

James, 1971
Kahl et al., 1985
Zimmerman and Tatschl, 1975
Thompson and Ely, 1992
Rising, 1996
Dixon, 1989
Anderson, 1971
Rising and Flood, 1998
[KS GAP] 30 m edge.

07 - Mixed Oak Floodplain

James, 1971
Thompson and Ely, 1992
Zimmerman, 1993
Rising and Flood, 1998
[KS GAP] 30 m edge.

08 - Bur Oak Floodplain

Woodland

James, 1971
Thompson and Ely, 1992
Zimmerman, 1993
Rising and Flood, 1998
[KS GAP] 30 m edge.

09 - Mixed Oak Ravine

James, 1971
Thompson and Ely, 1992
Zimmerman, 1993
Rising and Flood, 1998
[KS GAP] 30 m edge.

10 - Post Oak-Blackjack Oak

Woodland

Thompson and Ely, 1992
Rising and Flood, 1998
[KS GAP] 30 m edge.

11 - Cottonwood Floodplain

Woodland

James, 1971
Platt, 1975
Thompson and Ely, 1992
Clawson, 1980
Rising, 1996
Dixon, 1989
Anderson, 1971
Rising and Flood, 1998
[KS GAP] 30 m edge.

36 - Cottonwood Savanna - not mapped

Rising, 1996
Rising and Flood, 1998

50 - Deciduous Forest-Mined Land

Thompson and Ely, 1992
Rising and Flood, 1998
[KS GAP] 30 m edge.

51 - Maple Floodplain Forest

James, 1971

Stauffer and Best, 1980

Thompson and Ely, 1992

Rising and Flood, 1998

[KS GAP]

30 m edge.

55 - Deciduous Woodland

Thompson and Ely, 1992

Rising and Flood, 1998

[KS GAP]

30 m edge.

81 - Urban Areas

James, 1971

Thompson and Ely, 1992

DeGraaf and Stihler, 1979

Rising and Flood, 1998

91 - Ozark Sandstone Glade /

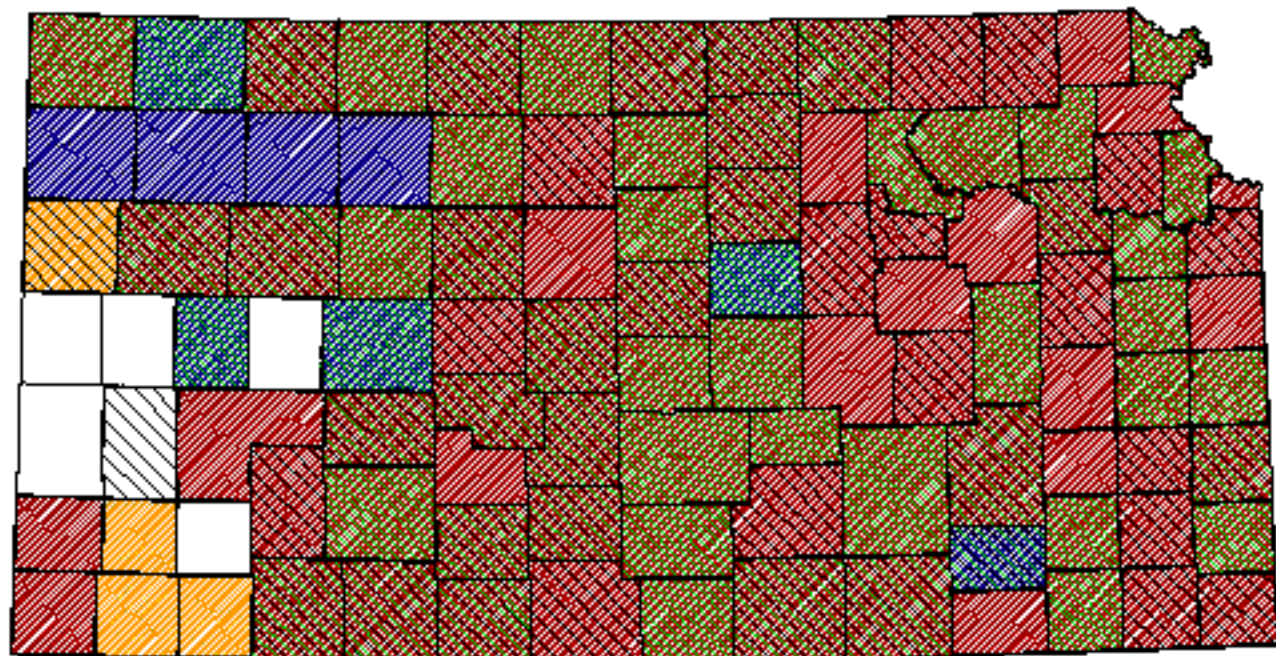
Prairie - not mapped

Stauffer and Best, 1980

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Baltimore Oriole



Kansas Breeding Bird Atlas

Confirmed Breeding

Probable Breeding

Possible Breeding

Breeding Bird Survey

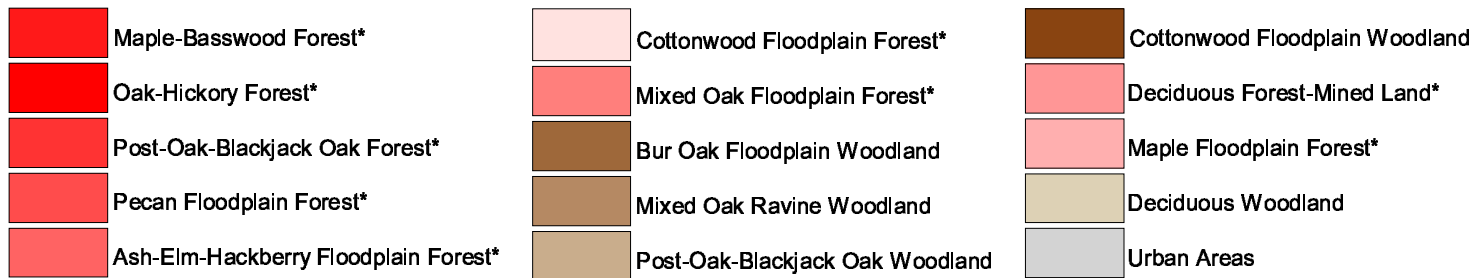
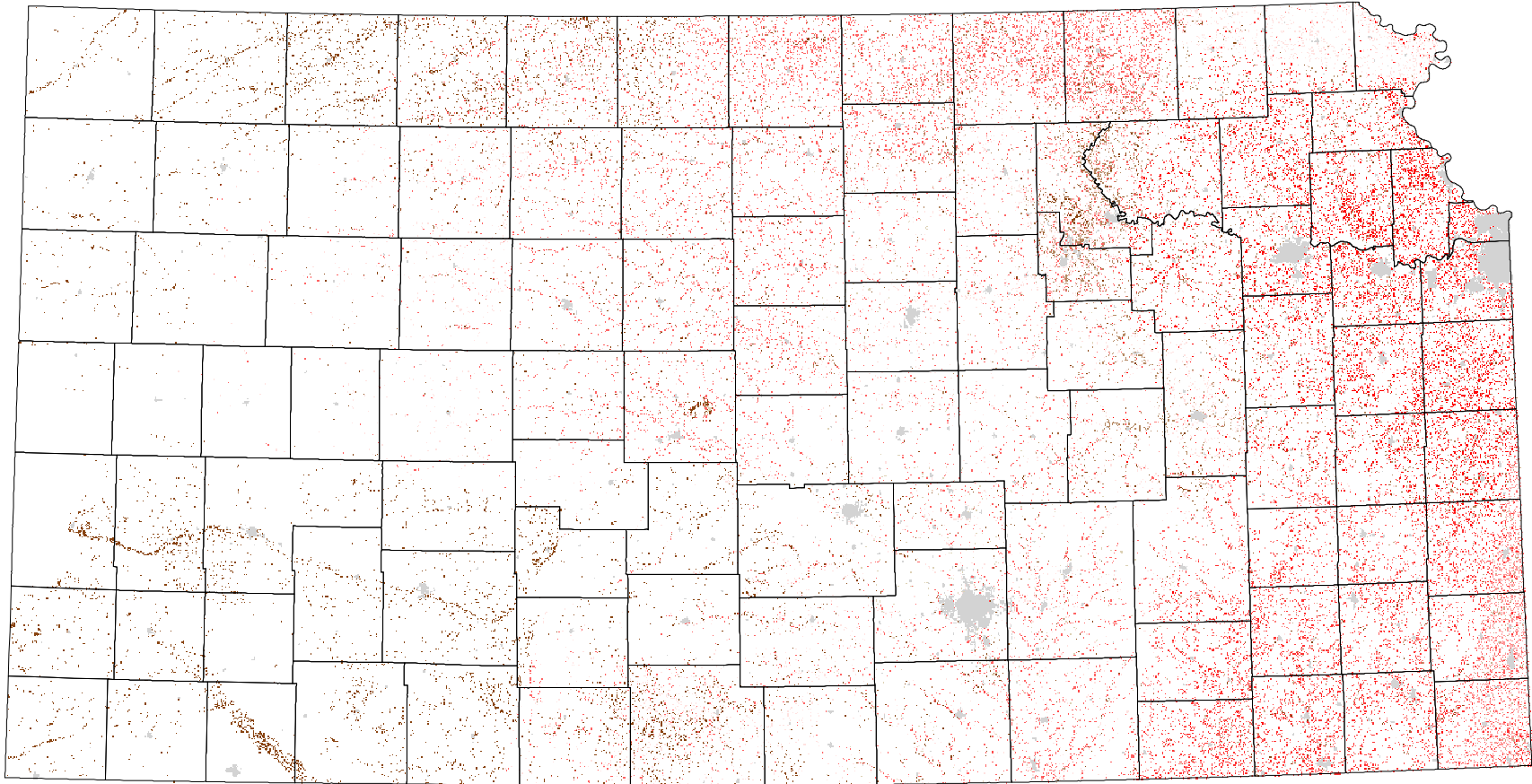
Birds of Kansas,
Horned Lark

Range from Johnsgard, 1998
The Birds of Nebraska

Habitat

All shaded counties will be included in the possible distribution of the species.

Baltimore Oriole



* 30 m edge