ELECTIONS AND DUES

Ballots are provided for the annual committee elections, and membership registration and renewal forms to facilitate updating the mailing list while recording remittance of dues, which are payable on a calendar (and tax) year basis. Dues for 1976, in part still outstanding, are needed to meet already incurred obligations. It would be very much appreciated if 1977 dues, payable in January, could be remitted before the Smithsonian Conference in May.
The annual meeting of the American Committee on the History of the Second World War, held in conjunction with that of the American Historical Association, takes place in December 1976. The business meeting of the ACHSWW will be held at 4:45 Tuesday afternoon, 28 December, in the Assembly Room of the Sheraton-Park Hotel, 2660 Woodley Road, N.W. Among the items on our agenda will be the proposal for a joint ACHSWW-AHA session at the December 1977 Dallas meeting. Professor Dewey Grantham of Vanderbilt University, Chairman of the 1977 AHA Program Committee, has acknowledged the ACHSWW's advance request for a place on the program, but requested, in turn, as detailed a program proposal as possible.

At 9:30 Wednesday morning, 29 December, in the Regency Ballroom of the Shoreham-Americana Hotel on Calvert Street at Connecticut Avenue (directly across Calvert Street from the rear entrance of the Sheraton-Park), the joint AHA-ACHSWW session is scheduled:

CODEBREAKING AND INTELLIGENCE IN THE EUROPEAN THEATER, WORLD WAR II

CHAIR: Arthur L. Funk, University of Florida

The Significance of Codebreaking and Intelligence in Allied Strategy and Tactics
David Kahn, New York University

COMMENT:
Telford Taylor, Columbia University
Jürgen Rohwer, Director, Bibliothek für Zeitgeschichte, Stuttgart
Harold C. Deutsch, U. S. Army War College

At a major convention, schedule conflicts are virtually inevitable. Thanks to the cooperative ingenuity of the AHA Program and Local Arrangements committees' chairmen, Professors Jacob M. Price, Michigan, and Thomas T. Hilde, Georgetown, respectively, the ACHSWW Program does not conflict with the meetings or sessions of the American Military Institute, the Society for Historians of American Foreign Relations, or the U. S. Commission on Military History. Not announced by title in the AHA Meeting Program is a paper that may interest participants in the ACHSWW's May Conference on the postwar occupation of Germany and Japan; as part of the fourth session on Quantification in German Studies, being held Tuesday evening, 28 December, at 7:00 p.m. in the Assembly Room of the Sheraton-Park, Professor Richard L. Merritt, University of Illinois, will give a presentation on "HICOG Public Opinion Surveys and the 1953 Bundestag Election."
MEETINGS OF THE INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL COMMITTEES

1. SAN FRANCISCO, AUGUST 1975

Papers presented at the Fourteenth International Congress of Historical Sciences under the auspices of the International Committee for History of the Second World War have been published under the title Politics and Strategy in the Second World War (Manhattan, Kansas: Military Affairs/Aerospace Historian Publishers, c1975). Members of the ACHSWW are being sent copies with this newsletter. Additional copies are available for $3.00 each from the publisher, c/o Department of History, Kansas State University, Manhattan, Kansas 66506.

2. OSLO, AUGUST 1976

With the support of the American Council of Learned Societies, Professor John A. Lukacs, Chestnut Hill, represented the ACHSWW at a four-day conference on The Great Powers and the Nordic Countries, 1939-1940. The symposium dealt, he reported, "with a rather limited period and a limited area . . . . The meetings—all day during four days, in addition to receptions and excursions—were wearisome but, for me, seldom if ever boring or repetitive. I spoke the second day, dealing with the American factor in diplomatic and political events affecting Scandinavia and the Great Powers from October 1939 to June 1940. The papers were not read but circulated and commented upon. The best paper, in my opinion, was a magisterial one by the principal historian of modern Norwegian history, Magne Skodvin; close to it was the performance of the eminent Swedish historian Erik Lönroth (both of them producing new fragments of evidence from their respective national archives). . . ."

In closing his report, Lukacs reiterated his appreciation for the chance to participate, noting that there was a reception by King Olaf, that one of the excursions was to the Norwegian War Resistance Museum, and that "both the substance and the format of this symposium was successful enough to suggest the possibility of the eventual adoption of its format in the United States some day."

3. ANKARA, SEPTEMBER 1976

As a vice president of the Comité International d'Histoire de la Deuxième Guerre Mondiale, Professor Arthur L. Funk, Florida, chairman of the ACHSWW, participated in a meeting of the International Committee's board in mid-September in Ankara, Turkey. His summary report of that meeting follows:

The Board, consisting of Henri Michel, President; A. L. Funk, Pavel Zhilin and J. Marjanovic, Vice Presidents; Harry Paape, Treasurer, and Jean Vanwelkenhuysen, Secretary, met in the company of Professor Enver Ziya Karal, President of the Turkish Society of History.
The complete minutes of the Board will be published in the international news bulletin. The following are comments regarding some of the points which were made.

The President pointed out that the number of members continues to expand, with the possible addition of Spain, Iran, Egypt and Tunisia. It is also possible for an individual to become a member so long as dues of 100 Swiss francs are paid.

There was a review of meetings anticipated in the future. The Polish Committee has now set the date for its conference on cultural activities during the war as 5 - 10 September 1977. Other meetings planned for 1977 include one in Bulgaria and possibly others in Canada, Israel and Great Britain. The American Committee Conference on U.S. Military Government for May 1977 was also announced. In the future there are possible conferences in Brazil, Hungary, Switzerland and France. The British conference, tentatively planned for the second half of October 1977, would be on Governments in Exile London. Some discussion took place regarding the next International Congress of Historical Sciences which will be held in Romania in 1980.

The next meeting of the International Board will take place in Warsaw at the time of the Polish conference, that is, in September 1977. It was agreed that a pamphlet be published setting forth the history and accomplishments of the International Committee.

There was discussion regarding the international news bulletin which had been sent directly to all members. It was agreed that in the future the American Committee would undertake to distribute the international bulletin to its members. In this way the address list can be kept up to date more easily. Bulletin No. 15 will probably be ready by the end of the year.

Mr. Funk announced that the papers presented at San Francisco on "Politics and Strategy in the Second World War" were in the process of being printed and would be made available before the end of the year.

4. WARSAW, SEPTEMBER 1977

As noted above, the latest information from the Polish Committee on the History of the Second World War indicates that the conference on cultural activity during the war will take place 5 - 10 September 1977. The Polish Committee plans to have the papers published by the time of the conference. The American contributor is to be Professor Charles G. Alexander, Ohio, whose paper "Liberal Interventionism and the Crisis of American Liberal Thought, 1938-41" has been forwarded to Warsaw. Professor Alexander's Nationalism in American Thought, 1930-45 is an outstanding study of American attitudes in the pre-war and war years.
BIENNIAL CONFERENCE, WASHINGTON, 20–22 MAY 1977

As explained in the previous newsletter (No. 15, August 1976), the secretary and two members of the committee’s board of directors, Forrest C. Pogue of the Eisenhower Institute and Robert Wolfe of National Archives, have been charged with organization of the ACHSWW’s next biennial conference, to be held in 1977. (The last one was the San Francisco meeting in August 1975, the papers from which, as announced above, recently have been published.) Plans for the meeting are now largely completed.

1. SPONSORSHIP AND COORDINATION

Under the sponsorship of the Smithsonian Institution’s Dwight D. Eisenhower Institute for Historical Research, the conference is being held in the Leonard Carmichael Auditorium of the National Museum of History and Technology, Constitution Avenue between Twelfth and Fourteenth Streets, Northwest. It is being coordinated with the MacArthur Memorial Library and Archives of Norfolk, and the George C. Marshall Research Library in Lexington, Virginia, at which related conferences have recently been held (as will be explained by the Director of the Eisenhower Institute in the opening session).

2. PUBLICATION

Because this conference can be expected to generate a valuable synthesis of the history and historiography of American Military Government in Occupied Germany and Japan, together with a constructive but critical assessment of resources available for further research on the topic, provisions are being made to publish its entire proceedings—not only the principal papers, but also the panel discussions and audience participation, as done in the case of the National Archives Conference on Captured German and Related Records, published in 1974, and edited by Robert Wolfe, one of the organizers of this conference. As in that case, it is anticipated that the proceedings of this conference will list all in attendance as invited participants.

3. INVITATIONAL PARTICIPATION

Although the facilities available should be able to accommodate all wishing to participate, it would be inappropriate to leave the matter to chance, especially when one takes into account the commitment of the Eisenhower Institute and the co-sponsoring ACHSWW, as well as the legitimate interests of the MacArthur Memorial Library and of the Marshall Research Library, sponsors of the two preceding occupation conferences in the series which this one includes. Participation will therefore be on an invitational basis only. ACHSWW members may request letters of invitation simply by checking the space on the enclosed membership form. Non-members wishing to participate are asked to request invitations by writing directly to Prof. Donald S. Detwiler, Secretary, ACHSWW, History Department,
Southern Illinois University, Carbondale, Illinois 62901. Requests should be made as soon as possible.

4. THE TENTATIVE PROGRAM

The program is all but complete, though several speakers, panelists, session chairmen, etc., remain to be designated. The final program will also explicitly indicate audience participation at several of the sessions. The two morning sessions are to be divided by a coffee break. Specific times for the sessions will be indicated in the final program. Any further plans—possibly for luncheon meetings or late afternoon or evening functions—will be announced when the tentative program is presented for approval at the ACHSWW business meeting in December.

AMERICANS AS PROCONSULS

U. S. Military Government in Germany and Japan, 1944-52
An Invitational Conference, Sponsored by the Eisenhower Institute and the ACHSWW, at the Carmichael Auditorium, NMH&T, Smithsonian Institution

FRIDAY, 20 MAY

Early Morning: REVIEW AND PREVIEW
Forrest C. Pogue, Director, Eisenhower Institute
Was Reeducation for Democracy Our Chosen Means and the American Way of Life Our Unconscious Goal for Occupied Germany and Japan?
Robert Wolfe, National Archives; former Deputy Chief, Publication Control Branch, OMG, Württemberg-Baden

Late Morning: PRESUPPOSITIONS, PREJUDICES, AND PLANNING
Chair and Comment: Hugh Borton, Columbia University, emeritus; former Chief, Division of Japanese Affairs, U. S. State Department
Remember Pearl Harbor, or, Love Thine Enemy?
Marlene J. Mayo, University of Maryland
Unconditional Surrender—Win First, and Pastoralize Later
Earl F. Ziemke, University of Georgia

Afternoon: THE REALITIES OF IMPLEMENTATION
The MacArthur Shogunate in Allied Guise
Ralph Braibanti, Duke University; former Military Government Officer, Japan
Governing the American Zone Amidst the Breakdown of Quadripartite Military Government
John Gimbel, Humboldt State University
SATURDAY, 21 MAY

Early Morning: PURGING THE BODY POLITIC: HELP OR HINDRANCE TO REORIENTATION AND REHABILITATION?
The Purge in Japan
Hans H. Baerwald, UCLA; former member, Public Administration Division, SCAP

Denazification in Germany
Elmer Plischke, University of Maryland; former member, Political Affairs Division, OMGUS

War Crimes and Clemency in Germany and Japan
John Mendelsohn, National Archives

Late Morning: REEDUCATION FOR DEMOCRACY
From Information Control to Information Services in the U.S. Zone of Germany: An Epitome of Reeducation
(Invitation tendered)
Civil Information and Education in Japan
Jack A. Siggins, University of Maryland

Afternoon: PANEL: SOURCE MATERIALS FOR THE HISTORY OF AMERICAN MILITARY GOVERNMENT
(Invitations tendered)

Evening: REPARATIONS, ECONOMIC REFORM, AND RECONSTRUCTION
From Deconcentration to Reverse-Course
Eleanor Hadley, former member, Governmental Powers Division, SCAP

From Morgenthau Plan to Marshall Plan
John Backer, former chief, Export Promotion, JEIA, OMG, Bavaria

SUNDAY, 22 MAY

Morning: PANEL: THE IMPACT OF THE PROCONSULAR EXPERIENCE ON AMERICA
Chair, Comment, and Summary: John D. Montgomery, Harvard University. (Invitations have been tendered to prospective panelists to address themselves to various aspects of the topic—the Armed Forces, Foreign Policy, etc.)

5. RELATED MATERIALS

Several entries in the bibliography concluding this newsletter directly pertain to the topic of the Smithsonian Conference, particularly titles I.A.4, the Ward and Shulman bibliography on the occupation of Japan; VI.3, The Clay Papers; and VI.14, the history of The U.S. Army in the Occupation of Germany, 1944-46 by a director of the ACHSWW, Earl F. Ziemke.

The entry near the beginning of this newsletter regarding the joint AHA-ACHSWW meeting in Washington in December concludes with a reference to a session not announced in the AHA program during which a paper is to be delivered on HICOG Public Opinion Survey and the 1953 Bundestag Election.
At the joint conference of the International Committee and the American Committee on the History of the Second World War, held in connection with the historical congress at San Francisco in August 1975, Professor Warren Kimball, Rutgers, presented a paper on the USSR as a factor in Anglo-American planning for postwar Germany (pp. 88-112 of the proceedings being sent ACHSWW members with this newsletter).

Under "Announcements and News Items," immediately below, is information concerning the availability of previously unpublished Congressional material on U.S. foreign affairs from 1943 to 1950, and there is also information on the opening of postwar Japanese archives.

ANNOUNCEMENTS AND NEWS ITEMS

Committee on International Relations Historical Series

The House Committee on International Relations has announced publication of a series of eight volumes presenting hitherto unpublished transcripts of selected executive session hearings of the Committee on Foreign Affairs (now the Committee on International Relations) of the U. S. House of Representatives. The hearings were selected from the committee's files in the National Archives and cover the period from 1943 to 1950. They are grouped under four main topics: Problems of World War II and Its Aftermath; Foreign Economic Assistance Programs; Military Assistance Programs; and U. S. Policy in the Far East.

Particular subjects covered include the evolution of policy concerning the future of Palestine, assistance to Greece and Turkey under the Truman Doctrine, the Marshall Plan, the Mutual Defense Assistance Programs, and military assistance to Korea and China. According to Dr. Thomas E. Morgan, Chairman of the Committee on International Relations, the committee feels the volumes will help in the commemoration of the nation's bicentennial. Congress determined our foreign policy in the early years of the nation, he noted, and the studies themselves deal with the period in which Congress acquired experience and background in asserting itself as a significant partner with the President and the Department of State in the making of our foreign policy.

The publication of the historical series was authorized by the committee in April 1975 under an arrangement with the University Center for International Studies of the University of Pittsburgh. Faculty members and research assistants from Pittsburgh prepared introductory and background material, and annotation for the transcripts. The project director was Dr. Harold L. Hitchens, Senior Research Associate in the University Center.
Published with the hearings are copies of the legislation under consideration, the committee's reports on it, and other selected documents related to the hearings. Except for the correction of typographical errors and the insertion of appropriate subheads, the unabridged hearings are published exactly as they were taken down at the time. A limited number of volumes in the historical series are available on request from the Committee on International Relations. The volumes are also available by purchase from the Government Printing Office at prices ranging from $4.00 to $6.50. (Bibliographical particulars will be given in the bibliographical section of a subsequent newsletter.)

Declassification of Selected Japanese Archives, 1945-52

Earlier this year, the Japanese Foreign Ministry declassified the equivalent of approximately 100,000 pages of documents from its archives of the Occupation Era, 15 August 1945, (the date of surrender) to 28 April 1952 (the date of the San Francisco Peace Treaty). In an editorial on 12 June 1976, the English-language "Japan Times Weekly" mentions that the volume of documents released is "... less than 10 percent of the total of the official records made during the Occupation Era and that a further 10 percent of this 10 percent was withheld from public viewing 'to protect the national interest and the privacy of individuals'." The balance of the released material is in English, including a large volume of correspondence as well as records of conferences between General MacArthur, Major General Richard Sutherland, his Chief of Staff, and other principal SCAP (Supreme Commander, Allied Powers) officers and top-ranking Japanese officials. Frank J. Shulman, Director of the East Asia Collection at the University of Maryland's McKeldin Library, reports that the Japanese Foreign Ministry is making available microfilm of most if not all of the declassified Occupation Era archival material through Japan Microfilms Service Center Co., Ltd.

Hongo 1-10-11
Bunkyo-ku
Tokyo, Japan

National Coordinating Committee for the Promotion of History

A National Coordinating Committee for the Promotion of History has been organized to take cooperative action to promote interest in historical studies. The American Historical Association, the Organization of American Historians, the Southern Historical Association, the American Studies Association and the New England Historical Association, recognizing that the problems we face are serious now, will continue to be serious through the 1970s, and may get worse
during the 1980s, have combined their resources to develop a long range education and action program to deal with our problems. The purpose of the National Coordinating Committee is:

To promote historical studies generally, but especially in schools at all levels, to broaden historical knowledge among the general public, to restore confidence in our discipline throughout our society, and to educate employers in the public and private sectors to the value of employing professional historians.

The policy guidance for the National Coordinating Committee will be provided by a National Policy Board composed of the chief executive officer and president of the AHA, OAH, SHA, ASA, and NEHA. The administration of the program will be located in the Washington office of the AHA. Each of the participating organizations is asking its members to make contributions directly to its executive office. The responsible officer of each association will then make a contribution to the AHA-NCC. These contributions will be used to organize national resource groups and the state committees, to coordinate their activities, and to gather and disseminate information. Contributions to be routed through the AHA should be sent to the National Coordinating Committee, in care of the American Historical Association, 400 A Street, S. E., Washington, D. C. 20003.

AHA Institutional Services Program

Departments of History, libraries, and historically oriented agencies and societies are invited to subscribe to the American Historical Association's Institutional Services Program, now in its second year. It does not include subscriptions to the "American Historical Review" or to the "AHA Newsletter," but otherwise amounts, in effect, to institutional membership in the AHA. On the application form, obtainable directly from the American Historical Association, 400 A Street, S. E., Washington, D. C. 20003, membership categories and annual fees are listed, ranging from $150.00 for graduate history departments with over twenty-one faculty members to $35.00 for libraries and "others." The program provides the following services:

1. EMPLOYMENT INFORMATION BULLETIN: The EIB lists all faculty vacancies for historians in order to aid those seeking employment and to promote open listing of job opportunities. The EIB also lists areas of employment outside the traditional college and university teaching positions and provides statistical information relating to the employment situation. Regular issues of the EIB appear in October, November, February, and April; supplements are published between issues.
2. **RECENTLY PUBLISHED ARTICLES**, the bibliography of periodical literature in history cited as entry I.A.6.b in the bibliographical section of this newsletter.

3. **DISSERTATION LISTS**: Twice each year the AHA publishes *Doctoral Dissertations in History*, a compilation of recently registered and completed dissertations with brief descriptions of each topic. ISP subscribers will receive each list as soon as it is available.

4. **GUIDE TO DEPARTMENTS OF HISTORY**: ISP subscribers will receive a copy of the 1977 edition of the Guide which will give extensive information on programs offered by departments of history in U.S. and Canadian institutions. The expense involved in publishing the Guide necessitates that all listed departments be charged a listing fee, but ISP subscribers who choose to be included in the Guide will receive a fifty percent reduction in the listing fee.

5. **GRANTS AND FELLOWSHIPS GUIDE**: A 1976-77 guide to grant and fellowship programs of interest to historians will provide concise and current information on more than a hundred sources of financial assistance. Both graduate and post-graduate level grants will be listed, along with information regarding application procedures and deadlines.

6. **DIRECTORY OF WOMEN HISTORIANS**: This contains information on the education, experience, publications and research and teaching interests of more than 1,200 women historians, as published in the fall of 1975. ISP subscribers will receive the Directory and a 1976 supplement.

7. **DIRECTORY OF DEPARTMENT CHAIRMEN**: A 1976-77 directory giving the names and addresses of history department chairmen in approximately 1,800 colleges and universities will be published.

8. **ANNUAL MEETING PROGRAM**: Prior to the annual meeting of the AHA each December 28-30, a program containing a schedule of sessions and participants is published and distributed.

9. **ANNUAL REPORT**: The *Annual Report* of the AHA, published by the Smithsonian Institution, contains a summary of the administrative activities of the association, including the presidential address and the reports of the executive director and other association officers.

10. **AHA Pamphlet Series**: The AHA publishes a series of pamphlets of interest to students and teachers of history. Several new pamphlets are scheduled for publication during 1976-77; a copy of each new pamphlet will be sent to ISP subscribers as available.
11. **DIRECTORY OF AFFILIATED SOCIETIES:** There is a large group of specialized historical societies officially recognized as affiliates of the AHA; some two dozen of them meet with the association in December. The 1977 directory will provide current information on the officers, activities, and publications of these organizations.

12. **VICE-PRESIDENTS' REPORTS:** The AHA's vice-presidents for research, teaching, and the profession report on the activities of their divisions at each annual meeting. Copies of the published reports will be sent to all ISP subscribers.

13. **PERIODIC BULLETINS AND REPORTS:** Periodically the AHA issues special reports which concern the profession. During 1975-76, ISP subscribers received *A Survival Manual for Women (and Other) Historians*, a pamphlet prepared by the AHA's Committee on Women Historians. Subscribers will automatically receive all such reports as they are released.

14. **DISCOUNTS ON AHA PUBLICATIONS:** Discounts will be made available to subscribers on many AHA publications and services such as *Writings on American History*, computer-printed mailing labels, and additional copies of other publications listed above. A schedule of these discounts will be sent to program subscribers. But discounts do not apply to the *American Historical Review* or the *AHA Newsletter*, nor are subscriptions to them included in the Institutional Services Program.

**Amphibious Warfare Essay Contest**

The National Society of Arts and Letters is conducting a national competition for the Erskine Award of $2,000.00, which is being offered for the best essay of not more than 3000 words on the topic "Amphibious Warfare of World War II with Emphasis on the Role of General Graves Blanchard Erskine." Essays by persons between 18 and 35 should be submitted typed, double-spaced, and in triplicate, postmarked no later than 14 March 1977, to Dr. J. R. Smith, NSAL Essay Competition, 705 East Seventh Street, Bloomington, Indiana 47401, who can also provide information on General Erskine and repositories of primary source material on his role in the history of amphibious warfare.

**U. S. Army Military History Research Collection**

Located at Carlisle Barracks, Pennsylvania, the site of the Army War College and Strategic Studies Institute, the Military History Research Collection (MHRC) is being developed into an increasingly important center for the study of the history of the Second World War. The MHRC is now engaged in a comprehensive effort to list its holdings concerning the
military history of the war. As projected, this will result in a very extensive bibliography, divided into parts dealing with the war in the Pacific, on the European fronts, and elsewhere, and also with various specialized topics (technological aspects, etc.) It is anticipated that in its final form, the MHRC World War II Bibliography will be made available to the public as a multi-volume set published by the Government Printing Office. Meanwhile the MHRC's World War II holdings are open and, within appropriate limits, accessible through the interlibrary loan system. Those interested in utilizing the collection, or learning of its holdings on a given topic, are invited to write to

Dr. Benjamin Franklin Cooling
Assistant Director for Historical Services
U. S. Army Military History Research Collection
Carlisle Barracks, Pennsylvania 17013

Microfilm Available on Anglo-American Relations, 1939-45

The Public Record Office in London is making available a special compilation of microfilm of key documents on wartime Anglo-American relations from the files of the Premier and the Cabinet, as listed in detail in the previous newsletter (No. 15, August 1976). Assembled on a pilot-project basis and issued as a set of six 100-ft. microfilm reels at £16.50 per reel, this experimental offer represents, as pointed out by Warren Kimball, Rutgers, a unique opportunity both for research and advanced instruction in an important area of the history of the Second World War and of American diplomacy. An encouraging response to this initiative of the PRO could have important long-range implications. A separate copy of the PRO announcement is therefore provided to facilitate promptly bringing this matter to the attention of library order departments or others responsible for acquisitions.
BIBLIOGRAPHY

The following compilation is largely based on Library of Congress MARC (machine-readable cataloging) data provided by Miss Janet Ziegler of the University Library of the University of California, Los Angeles. The support of the UCLA Library in this undertaking is sincerely appreciated.

The MARC printouts are retrieved on the basis of Library of Congress classification numbers for the war, and therefore do not necessarily list works dealing primarily with the internal affairs of the various countries during the war, biographies of military leaders, statesmen, etc., or a wide range of other matters that would fall under other LC classification numbers, but that may nonetheless be related intimately to the war.

Please bear in mind also, in using this bibliography, that the MARC printouts, on which much of it is based, were prepared from data supplied by publishers often well in advance of publication. An entry may therefore be incomplete, as was III.D.3 on the Strategic Bombing Survey in Newsletter No. 15 (more complete data is given below), or there may be a title change, as in III.B.2 in the same newsletter. There may also be substantial delays in the publication of a book, and, in some cases, books listed by the Library of Congress may, in the end, never appear in print at all. Any resulting discrepancies, changes, etc., which are reported will, of course, be noted in subsequent newsletters.

As an aid to identification and use, Library of Congress classification numbers are listed here, insofar as they appear on the MARC printouts. In some cases, especially when book titles are not particularly revealing, general indications of content are given on the basis of the subject-heading entries. But I offer these with reservations, for the subject-heading entries must be used with caution. This was demonstrated by a case not long ago brought to my attention: every single subject-heading entry on the LC card for an English translation differed from the corresponding entry on the LC card made up on the original German edition.

I. GENERAL

A. REFERENCE; DOCUMENTATION; BIBLIOGRAPHY


As explained in the preface (an introductory essay on Nuremberg documentation in itself), only part of the material gathered for the Nuremberg war crimes trials was ever published. Much that was not printed was mimeographed. If there were to be relatively limited distribution, only a few photostatic copies might be made. In any case, it turned out in the end that only very few sets of "The Nuremberg Documents" were preserved intact. It has become extremely difficult--particularly for younger scholars for whom the period is no longer contemporary history--to gain an overview of the material. For them especially Robinson and Sachs have provided this guide.

It has three major parts. The Digest indicates the subject of each of over three thousand documents; the Index is cross-referenced by name and subject, with additional survey entries to aid the user; and there is finally a Chronology giving the date of origin of each document. In addition, an extensive glossary of technical terms and jargon is complemented by lists of abbreviations and military, SS, and civil service ranks.

The value of this volume for research on the Second World War is directly related to the importance, for the leaders of the Third Reich, of its topic. In its way, Adolf Hitler's campaign to exterminate the European Jews was a top-priority theater of the war, and his grim determination not to be defeated--at least not on this front--helped to sustain his implacable will to continue the war long after all else was hopelessly lost. This is why the Holocaust and the institutions of its implementation increasingly pervaded the history of Germany and Europe during the latter part of the war--and why the authoritative, objective handbook provided by Robinson and Sachs will prove so valuable an aid for research on this period.


6. Bibliographical Journals

a. Air University Library. *Air University Library Index to Military Periodicals*, Volume 27, Number 2, (April-June 1976). The purpose of this journal, published at Maxwell Air Force Base, Alabama 36112, is to serve the educational and research programs of Air University, but it can also be made available to qualified libraries on request. Issued from 1949 to 1962 as *Air University Periodical Index*, it covers 69 English-language military and aeronautical periodicals. On pp. 144-45 of the April-June 1976
issue there are three dozen entries under "World War II" (many of them not directly pertaining to air warfare); elsewhere there are numerous related entries under other headings.

b. American Historical Association. *Recently Published Articles*, Volume 1, Number 2 (June 1976). As explained in the previous issue of this newsletter, RPA is a new journal edited by the Bibliographer of the AHA, James J. Dougherty, a member of the ACHSWW. Published three times yearly, it contains approximately 5,000 citations per number, a total of 15,000 per annual volume. No single section deals exclusively with the Second World War, but the second issue of RPA, like the first, includes a large number of entries directly related to the war. RPA is available by subscription from the American Historical Association, 400 A Street, S.E., Washington, D.C. 20003, at $5.00 per year for AHA members, $8.00 for nonmembers. A subscription is also included with Institutional Membership in the AHA, as explained elsewhere in this newsletter.

c. University Microfilms International. *Monograph Abstracts*, Volume 1, Number 2 (October 1976). This is another new bibliographical periodical, though unlike RPA, it is, at least now, being issued only on an irregular basis. A complimentary copy of each number is available to qualified research libraries; individual issues are otherwise available for $3.00 per copy in the USA and Canada, $3.75 elsewhere, from Monograph Publishing, University Microfilms International, 300 North Zeeb Road, Ann Arbor, Michigan 48106. *Monograph Abstracts* provides information on publications available on demand through the Monograph Publishing program of University Microfilms, as well as the on-demand supplement to the *Journal of Modern History*, comprised of articles for which (like those in several of the Beihefte of the Historische Zeitschrift) space could not be made available, despite sufficient importance to warrant publication.

d. University Institute of European Studies of Turin. *Résistance européenne: Notes d'information sur la Recherche des sources documentaires extra-européennes—Research Notes on Documentary Sources Outside Europe*. New Series, Winter 1976, No. 1. Published by the same institute as the above-listed guide to American documentation of the European resistance, this issue includes reports on the holdings of Australian archives and of the Hoover Institution. For information, contact Ferdinand Engel at the address given above.
B. GENERAL HISTORIES


II. ORIGINS AND OUTBREAK OF THE WAR


III. THE WAR

A. POLITICS, DIPLOMACY, AND GRAND STRATEGY


B. LAND WARFARE (INCLUDING AMPHIBIOUS AND AIRBORNE OPERATIONS)

(Africa)


6. Poweleit, Alvin C. *USAFFE, the Loyal Americans and Faithful Filipinos: A Saga of Atrocities Perpetrated During the Fall of the Philippines, the Bataan Death March, and Japanese Imprisonment and Survival*. (s. 1.): Poweleit, c1975. vii, 182 pp. D767.4 .P68


(Europe)


C. NAVAL WARFARE


D. AIR WARFARE


7. MacIsaac, David, ed. with introductions. The United States Strategic Bombing Survey. 10 vols. New York: Garland Publishing Co., 1976. 3,379 pp. D785.U57. This and the foregoing item were listed as entries III.D.1 and III.D.3 in the bibliography of the previous newsletter (No. 15), on the basis of incomplete data on MARC printouts indicating neither pagination nor number or contents of the volumes in the set.

The Survey (USSBS), begun several months before the end of the war in Europe and concluded only in 1947, was a large-scale study, conducted by a staff of over a thousand military and civilian analysts, of the effect of strategic bombing in the war against Germany and Japan (and accumulating, in the process, a substantial amount of valuable documentary material eventually deposited in the National Archives). Its history, cited in entry III.D.6 above, was written by Prof. David MacIsaac, Ph.D., Lt. Col., USAF, Deputy for Military History at the USAF Academy.

Of the total of more than three hundred reports produced in the course of the USSBS, MacIsaac has in this ten-volume set, the contents of which are listed below, published thirty-one. Eleven of these had never before been available for public sale. Thirty are numbered; the thirty-first is the unnumbered Minority Report of General Anderson in Vol. VII. Among the numbered thirty, only six—European Reports #1, #2, and #3, and...
Pacific Reports #1, #2, and #3--actually received the formal stamp of approval of the Office of the USSBS Chairman. The remaining twenty-four, though by no means mere "minority reports," present advisory findings; only the six formally approved reports (published here in the first and seventh volumes) present the official conclusions of the USSBS. The other reports, technically speaking, have the standing of supporting documents only.

Vol. I (435 pp.)
1. Summary Report (European Report #1)
2. Over-all Report (European Report #2)
3. The Effects of Strategic Bombing on the German War Economy (European Report #3)

Vol. II (371 pp.)
1. Civilian Defense Division—Final Report (European Report #40)
2. Aircraft Division Industry Report (European Report #4)
3. Area Studies Division Report (European Report #31)

Vol. III (341 pp.)
1. The Defeat of the German Air Force (European Report #59)
2. The German Anti-Friction Bearings Industry (European Report #53)
4. Bombing Accuracy, USAF Heavy and Medium Bombers (European Report #63)
5. Air Force Rate of Operation (European Report #61)

Vol. IV (299 pp.)
1. The Effects of Strategic Bombing on German Morale (European Report #64b)
2. Description of RAF Bombing (European Report #64)
3. German Submarine Industry Report (European Report #92)
4. Ordnance Industry Report (European Report #101)

Vol. V (350 pp.)
1. Oil Division, Final Report (European Report #109)
2. Huels Synthetic Rubber Plant (European Report #128)
3. Physical Damage Division Report (European Report #134b)

Vol. VI (283 pp.)
1. The Effects of Strategic Bombing on German Transportation (European Report #200)
2. German Electric Utilities Industry Report (European Report #205)
Vol. VII (323 pp.)
1. Summary Report (Pacific Report #1)
2. Minority Report to the Secretary of War—Military Analysis Division (Anderson Report)
3. Japan's Struggle to End the War (Pacific Report #2)
4. The Effect of Atomic Bombs on Hiroshima and Nagasaki (Pacific Report #3)
5. The Japanese Aircraft Industry (Pacific Report #15)

Vol. VIII (246 pp.)
1. The Effects of Strategic Bombing on Japan's War Economy (Pacific Report #53)

Vol. IX (256 pp.)
1. The Strategic Air Operations of Very Heavy Bombardment in the War Against Japan (20th Air Force) (Pacific Report #66)
2. Effects of Air Attack on Japanese Urban Economy (Pacific Report #55)
3. The War Against Japanese Transportation, 1941-1945 (Pacific Report #54)

Vol. X (457 pp.)
1. Effect of Incendiary Bomb Attacks on Japan (Pacific Report #90)


E. RESISTANCE AND PARTISAN WARFARE


3. Heemans, Oscar Cornelius. Zwischen hundert Brücken:


See also entries I.A.2 and I.A.6.d above and, for detailed coverage of the Resistance in individual countries, especially France and Italy, Part IV below.

F. SUPPORT SERVICES, INTELLIGENCE, INFORMATION AND PROPAGANDA


IV. THE NATIONS AT WAR

A. FRANCE


11. Renault-Roulier, Gilbert, using the name "le colonel Remy," issued in 1975 six parts of the series "Les Français dans la Résistance," all published by Saint-Clair, Neuilly-sur-Seine, and distributed by F. Beauval in Paris. The MARC printouts indicate that each part is in two volumes but pagination is not given.

- a. *La Résistance en Bourgogne et en Franche-Comté.* D802.F82 B877
- b. *La Résistance en Champagne et dans les Ardennes.* D802.F82 C477
- c. *La Résistance en Dauphiné et Savoie.* D802.F82 D387
- d. *La Résistance en Languedoc et Roussillon.* D802.F82 L37
- e. *La Résistance dans le Lyonnais.* D802.F82 L947
- f. *La Résistance en Normandie.* D802.F82 N677


B. GERMANY


5. Toland, John. _Adolf Hitler._ New York: Doubleday & Co., 1976. xx, 1035 pp. DD247. H5T56. The author, a director of this committee, also wrote _The Last Hundred Days and Battle: The Story of the Bulge on the Second World War in Europe_, as well as the Pulitzer Prize-winning _The Rising Sun: The Decline and Fall of the Japanese Empire, 1936-1945._

See also Part VI below for entries on the end of the war in Germany and the postwar occupation.

C. ITALY


4. "_Il Pioniere._" Turin: Libreria Claudiana, 1976. 160 pp. Full-size (25 x 35 cm.) reproduction of "The Pioneer" from 30 June 1944 to 25 April 1945, a partisan newspaper circulated throughout the provinces of Turin and Asti (available directly from the publisher at Via Principe Tommaso 1, 10125 Torino, Italy, for 14,000 Italian Lire, equivalent--at the time of the announcement--to about $21.00).


D. JAPAN


*See also* Part VI below for entries on the postwar occupation.

E. THE SOVIET UNION


F. THE UNITED KINGDOM AND COMMONWEALTH


G. THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA


H. YUGOSLAVIA

1. Tomasevich, Jozo. *The Chetniks: War and Revolution in


V. THE HOLOCAUST


See also entry I.A.3 above.

VI. THE END AND AFTERMATH OF THE WAR; POSTWAR OCCUPATION OF GERMANY AND JAPAN


A proconsul's-eye-view of Germany and America's role in postwar Europe from April 1945 through May 1949 is provided in these two well-produced volumes covering the U.S. Military Governor's four-year record
as reflected in the 746 letters, cables, and teleconference transcripts selected by Toronto's Prof. Smith. His concise headnotes indicate the immediate context of the documents, which cumulatively fill out a mosaic, piece by piece, showing the extent to which Clay was truly a master state-builder. The picture also shows that Clay—though perhaps best remembered for the defense of Berlin against the Soviet blockade—found himself, in the fulfillment of his responsibilities, in conflict not only with the Russians, but also with the French and, in fact, quite frequently even with his associates and superiors in Washington. No less than eleven times, in connection with policy issues, he proffered his resignation. It was not accepted. His amicable final departure from Germany coincided with the establishment of the Federal Republic.

As a matter of personal and professional style, Clay, while Military Governor, did not choose to "go public" in his decision-making conflicts with Washington (not to mention the French or Russians) on German policy, nor did his 1950 volume, Decision in Germany, fully reveal the extent to which he exercised that most perilous kind of leadership—leading one's superiors in a direction fraught with uncertainties for reasons they too frequently do not fully understand or unre­servedly accept. But The Papers now make it possible to trace, on a day-to-day, week-to-week basis, the lucid even-handedness with which Clay defined often complex, elusive alternatives and the vigor with which he consistently advocated a line of policy ultimately consummated in the establishment of the West German democracy.


   a. *Disarmament and Disbandment of the German Armed Forces*
   b. *Displaced Persons*, prepared by Marcus W. Floyd
   c. *RAMP's: The Recovery and Repatriation of Liberated Prisoners of War*
