More Plants on the Plate: Recipes

Preparing Dry Beans

Put rinsed beans in a large pot and soak in 3 to 4 times as much water as beans. Remove any that float or that may be moldy. Let them stand six or more hours or overnight. Drain them and rinse again. Cover the beans with water, bring to a boil; reduce heat to low. Simmer them until tender (around 50 minutes) and then drain. Adding salt during the cooking process will toughen the beans. Remember that 1 cup of dried beans, peas, or lentils will expand to 2 to 2½ cups after cooking.

If time is short remember that canned beans are convenient since they do not have to be presoaked and cooked. They can be eaten straight from the can or heated in recipes. According to the American Dry Bean Board, one 15-ounce can of beans equals 1½ cups of cooked dry beans, drained. For most recipes, one form of beans can be substituted for the other. Unless canned without salt, precooked canned beans generally are higher in sodium than dry-packaged beans. Always thoroughly drain and rinse canned beans in a colander or strainer under cold running water before using them in a recipe. This may help lower the amount of any added salt and may help remove some of their potential gas-producing properties.

Nutritional information:
Most beans contain 14 to 15 grams of protein, and beans vary from 5.2 to 9.6 grams of fiber per ½-cup serving.

Perfect Brown Rice

- 1 cup long-grain brown rice
- 2 cups water
- ½ teaspoon sea salt

Place rice in a bowl and, using your fingers, rinse under cold running water until the water runs clear. Drain in a strainer. In a pot, bring the drained rice and water to a boil. Add salt. Reduce heat to low, cover, and simmer until the water has been absorbed and the rice is tender, about 40 minutes. If there is unabsorbed water left, drain the rice in a strainer. Remove from heat and fluff gently with a fork to separate the grains. Makes 4 ½ cup servings.

Nutritional information per ½ cup serving: brown rice provides 110 calories, 1.8 grams of fiber, and 2.5 grams of protein.

Carrot Apple Bake

Source: Rolling Prairie Cookbook

- 3 medium carrots, grated
- 1 tart apple, grated
- ¾ cup chopped dried fruit
- 1 tablespoon maple syrup
- ½ cup apple juice
- 2 teaspoons butter (optional)

Directions: Preheat oven to 350 degrees F. Toss first five ingredients together. Place in medium-sized oiled casserole dish. Dot with butter. Bake, covered, for approximately 35 minutes or until carrots are just tender-crisp. Serves 6 to 8. *Different combinations of fruit and juice change the character of this recipe. If you use sweet dried fruit such as prunes or dried apples, with apple juice, this dish will be quite sweet. Dried cranberries and orange juice make it tart.

Nutrition information per serving, 6 servings per recipe:
Calories, 117; protein, 1 g; total fat < 1 g; carbohydrates, 26 g; cholesterol, 1.7 mg; sodium, 24 mg; vitamin A, 108%; vitamin C, 10%.

Kansas State University Agricultural Experiment Station and Cooperative Extension Service
Nutty Rice and Broccoli

Source: *Cooking the Whole Foods Way*, by Christina Pirello

- 2 cups short grain brown rice
- 2½ cups water
- 1 onion diced
- 3 to 4 carrots, diced
- 2 cups fresh broccoli, cut into flowerets; dice stem as well
- ½ cup walnuts
- 1 teaspoon brown rice miso dissolved in a small amount of water

Combine rice and water in a pressure cooker. Bring to a boil, loosely covered, over medium heat. Add salt, seal and bring to full pressure. Reduce heat to low and cook for 45 minutes. Remove from heat and allow pressure to reduce naturally.

While the rice is cooking, bring a pan of water to a boil. Separately cook broccoli, carrot, and onion in boiling water until crisp-tender. Cool in iced water and drain. Mix vegetables together in a medium bowl. Set aside.

Heat a dry skillet over medium heat. Add the walnuts and pan-toast until fragrant, about 5 minutes, stirring. Puree walnuts and miso until a coarse paste forms. Stir vegetables, walnut paste, and lemon peel into rice. Transfer to a serving bowl. Makes 6 to 8 servings.

**Nutrition Information per serving:**
Calories, 330; protein, 9 g; total fat, 9 g; carbohydrates, 62 g; dietary fiber, 8 g; sodium, 75 mg.

Penne with Broccoli and Raisins

Source: *Cooking the Whole Foods Way*, by Christina Pirello

- ¼ cup raisins
- ¼ cup extra virgin olive oil
- 2 or 3 cloves garlic, minced
- Sea salt
- ½ cup pine nuts or walnuts
- 1 head broccoli, cut into small flowerets, with stems cut into fine matchsticks
- 8 ounces penne pasta
- Fresh parsley or basil, minced (optional)

Soak raisins in warm water for 10 minutes; then drain. Heat the oil in a skillet over medium heat. Add the garlic, onion, and a pinch of salt and cook, stirring occasionally, until the onion is translucent, about 3 minutes. Add nuts and sprinkle lightly with salt. Cover, reduce heat and allow to simmer while pasta cooks.

Bring large pan of water to a boil and cook pasta according to directions on package. Add broccoli to the pot and cook with pasta until pasta is tender and broccoli is bright green. Drain well; do not rinse. Toss pasta and broccoli with onion mixture and raisins and serve garnished with fresh parsley or basil if desired. Makes 6 servings.

**Nutrition Information per serving:**
Calories: 360, protein: 9 g; total fat, 17 g; carbohydrates, 45 g; dietary fiber, 7 g; sodium, 60 mg.
Quinoa with Dried Cranberries, Apricots, and Pecans
Source: The New American Plate Cookbook

Quinoa (pronounced “keen-wah”) may be a delicate grain, but it is one of the best sources of plant protein. It also provides iron, potassium, folate, and several minerals. It is important to thoroughly rinse quinoa before cooking to avoid a bitter flavor. Sweetened with dried fruits, thyme, and pecans, as in this recipe, quinoa can add a unique twist to your New American Plate. Makes 6 servings.

- 2 cups vegetable broth or water
- 1 cup quinoa, thoroughly rinsed and drained
- Pinch of salt (optional)
- ¼ cup dried cranberries
- ¼ cup diced dried apricots
- 2 tablespoons minced fresh thyme leaves
- ¼ cup finely chopped toasted pecans

In a medium saucepan, bring the broth to a boil. Add the quinoa and salt. Reduce heat to low, cover and simmer for 12 to 15 minutes, until all the liquid is absorbed. Stir the cranberries, apricots, and thyme into the hot quinoa. Top with pecans and serve hot or cold.

Nutritional information per serving:
Calories: 177 calories; total fat, 5 g (less than 1 g saturated fat); carbohydrates, 28 g; protein, 5 g; dietary fiber, 3 g; sodium, 156 mg.

Roasted Red Pepper Hummus
Source: The New American Plate Cookbook

This tangy appetizer takes only minutes to prepare. Toasted wedges of whole wheat pita bread are one good vehicle for this dip. Or use it as a spread on sandwiches, piling on a variety of colorful vegetables for a phytochemical feast. You may substitute 1¼ cup cooked beans for each 15-ounce can. Tahini, a Middle Eastern paste, is made from sesame seeds. Look for tahini in the ethnic section of your supermarket.

- 1 jar (7 ounces) red peppers, drained
- 1 can (15 ounces) chickpeas, drained and rinsed
- 1 can (15 ounces) cannellini (white kidney) beans, drained and rinsed
- ¼ cup tahina (sesame paste)
- 2 garlic cloves, minced
- 2 tablespoons freshly squeezed lemon juice, or to taste
- 1 teaspoon ground cumin
- Pinch of salt and freshly ground black pepper

In a food processor or blender, combine all of the ingredients except the salt and pepper. Process the mixture until smooth. Season to taste with salt and pepper. Serve chilled or at room temperature with warmed whole wheat pita wedges. Makes 24 servings. (2 tablespoons per serving)

Nutritional information per serving:
Calories, 50; total fat, 2 g (less than 1 gram saturated fat); carbohydrates, 7 g; protein, 2 g; dietary fiber, 2 g; sodium, 104 mg.
Marvelous Minestrone

Source: *Rolling Prairie Cookbook*

- 2 tablespoons olive oil
- 4 to 6 cloves garlic, minced
- 1 large onion, chopped
- 2 medium carrots, chopped
- 4 to 5 stalks celery, chopped
- 2 tablespoons chopped fresh parsley
- 4 to 6 tablespoons fresh basil, chopped (or 2 teaspoons dried)
- 1 teaspoon dried oregano
- 1 teaspoon black pepper
- 1 teaspoon salt
- 3 ½ tablespoons red wine vinegar
- 2 tablespoons honey, brown sugar or brown rice syrup
- 5 to 7 cups water or stock
- 4 medium sized fresh tomatoes, diced (or 1 ½ cups canned diced tomatoes)
- 1 ½ cup green beans, cut or snapped into 1 inch pieces
- 2 cups cooked kidney beans, rinsed and drained
- 4 ounces broken spaghetti, cooked

Heat olive oil in a large soup pot over medium heat. Add the garlic, onion, carrots, celery, parsley, basil, and oregano and sauté several minutes, until fragrant. Add pepper, salt, vinegar, sweetener, water or stock, tomatoes, and green beans. Bring to a boil, then reduce heat to low and simmer until vegetables are tender but not falling apart, approximately 30 minutes. Add the kidney beans and cooked pasta and heat through. If the soup is too thick at this point, add more water or stock to thin it. Serve with freshly grated Parmesan cheese, crust French bread, and a crisp green salad — an excellent meal to share with friends. Serves 8 (1-cup servings).

**Nutrition information per serving, 8 servings per recipe:**
Calories, 213; protein, 7 g; g total fat, 3.7 g (saturated fat, <1g); carbohydrates, 37 g; cholesterol, 0 mg; sodium, 297 mg; vitamin A, 55%; vitamin C, 23%.

**Recipes in this guide are reprinted with permission from:**

*Cooking the Whole Foods Way*, by Christina Pirello, Copyright 1997, 2007 by Christina Pirello, Published by Penguin Group USA.
